# Environmental Management Plan



## Commissioner's Foreword

When conversation turns to protecting the environment, the work of the Department of Corrective Services might not immediately spring to mind. On closer reflection though, there are many examples of the Department not only upholding its duties as an environmentally responsible corporate citizen, but also of contributing significantly to some of the State's major environment protection projects. Walking along the foreshores on the South Coast and enjoying scenery unspoilt by exotic weeds, or having a picnic on the banks of the Parramatta River, you might not be aware that this is due to the eradication and clean-up work of offenders, sentenced to community service or periodic detention, supervised by departmental staff.

Also, the next time you are enjoying a visit to Taronga Zoo or the Western Plains Zoo, it might surprise you to hear that the Black Rhinos' enclosure was built by inmates of Brewarrina (Yetta Dhinnakkal) Centre and that the koalas are fed by browse planted and harvested by inmates at the John Morony Correctional Complex. The Wildlife Care Centre at this Complex assists the Wildlife Information and Rescue Service (WIRES) look after sick, diseased and endangered animals, acts as a holding centre for Customs and the RSPCA, and is an educational facility for TAFE and veterinary students. It is the largest of its kind operating in New South Wales.

An area in the city full of meaningless graffiti or drug paraphernalia one day and cleaned up the next - chances are that this is due to the co-operative partnership between the Department's Community Offender Services, TAFE Outreach, a local Council and with the labour of offenders. Helping care for the environment

can be one opportunity for offenders to make restitution to society for their wrongdoing. In addition to the community work, the Department pursues environmentally friendly practices in all aspects of its operations. For example, the mere fact that there exist over 30 correctional centres, residential institutions of a size comparable with hospitals and schools, brings with it environmental challenges ranging from responsible waste disposal and reduction, sustainable energy use, and water conservation to responsible land management. There is even medical waste to consider as there are quality health care clinics in all correctional facilities

Just to list some further examples which illustrate the breadth of the Department's environmental 'portfolio': the Department is responsible for heritage buildings at Long Bay, Berrima, Grafton, Cooma, Tamworth, Goulburn and Silverwater; Corrective Services Industries (CSI) provide work and training to inmates in a wide variety of commercial and agricultural activities in correctional centres operating afforestation camps, market gardens and nurseries.

The Department is part of a bigger picture in these endeavours. The 2006 NSW State Plan provides a focus for the priority areas identified in this Environmental Management Plan.

Our Department is committed to walking lightly. I commend this Plan to all staff and encourage them to carry out their activities in an environmentally-friendly manner.

#### **RON WOODHAM**

Commissioner February 2008





### Introduction

This Environmental Management Plan (EMP) establishes mechanisms to ensure the Department manages environmental risks, meets or exceeds targets for energy efficiency, greenhouse gas emission reductions, recycling, 'green' purchasing and land and heritage conservation and restoration. The Department forms co-operative partnerships with other government and non-government organisations on a wide variety of environmental protection initiatives.

Staff of the Department are actively involved in the development and implementation of policies and practices that contribute to the Department achieving its environment management objectives. The Department encourages and incorporates any ideas and suggestions put forward by the staff enabling them to carry out their activities in an environmentally-friendly manner. Staff undergo relevant environmental and OHS training to enable them to achieve the Department's environmental objectives in a cost-effective and safe manner.

Managers across the Department are responsible for the implementation of this EMP in their work areas and for the provision of training and information to staff, inmates and offenders. Inmates in correctional centres and offenders in the community play an active role in environmental management and protection activities.

#### This Environmental Management Plan has six key environmental management areas:

- 1. Waste management-continued and increased reductions in waste
- 2. Biodiversity conservation–protecting plant and animal species in their natural habitat
- 3. Sustainable energy use and reduction of greenhouse gas emissions–effectively managed energy use and reduced greenhouse gas emissions
- 4. Chemical management–safe handling, use and disposal of hazardous chemicals
- 5. Water conservation—secure and sustainable water supply
- 6. Sustainable building and architectural conservation—environmentally sustainable developments and protecting cultural heritage

The Department has an Environmental Projects Register to complement this Plan. This register gives a comprehensive list of all environmental activities being carried out in the Department and is regularly updated and refined. This register is available on the Department's website, www.dcs.nsw.gov.au

## Waste management

#### AIMS

Decrease amounts of waste

Reduce consumption of non-sustainable materials

Increase use of recycled and recyclable products

Manage waste efficiently and cost-effectively

Comply with relevant legislative requirements

#### PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Reduction in waste output

Reduction in waste dump/disposal fees

Reduction in annual cost of paper

Amount of waste recycled

Amount of paper purchased which has recycled content

Waste Reduction and Purchasing Policy (WRAPP) Report to the Department of Environment and Conservation biennially

Compliance with other relevant legislative/statutory requirements

Trade waste agreements with the Sewage Authority

PLANNED OUTCOMES	ACTIONS
Reduced paper consumption in the administration of corrective services	Review amount of paper used and set monthly paper quota Encourage paperless meetings
Efficient disposal and management of waste material	Dispose of e-waste i.e., computers, servers, laptops, telephones by:  extracting and recycling plastic and metals  arranging, with providers, for the disposal and recycling of photocopiers  refurbishing old computers for use by inmates in educational programs
	Dispose of clinical waste generated in correctional centre clinics by:  placing heavily contaminated and 'sharps' waste into appropriate container arranging for collection and disposal of containers  placing posters identifying different types of clinical waste in all clinics
	Manage trade wastes generated by Corrective Services Industries (CSI) by:  ensuring waste from grease traps does not go directly into the sewer  regular pumping of system  conducting regular testing, monitoring and maintenance  implementing emergency response procedures  implementing procedures to protect against eco-spills
Increased recycling and reduction of waste	Provide recycling receptacles for and arrange collection of:  toner cartridges / paper waste / tin cans /aluminium containers
WAS	Replace polystyrene products with recyclable paper products wherever possible  Introduce contracts for sorting and weighing waste
	Recycle  wood chips and sawdust in nursery and landscaping industries, and vegetation at afforestation camps for mulching  construction and demolition materials where building and/or refurbishments taking place
	Compost organic kitchen waste at selected correctional centres

# Biodiversity conservation



#### **AIMS**

Protect plant and animal species in their natural habitat

Increase number of local community projects to slow biodiversity decline

Eradicate noxious weeds

#### PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Number of foreshore erosion prevention projects completed

Number of noxious weed eradication programs completed

Number of local native species of flora and fauna identified and protected

Compliance with site-specific landscape management plans



#### PLANNED OUTCOMES A

#### **ACTIONS**

Identified river foreshores and wetlands cleaned-up Improved public access to foreshore areas

Use of offenders on Community Service Order (CSO) projects to:

- remove rubbish from river foreshores and wetlands
- carry out weeding of the foreshore
- replant river bank vegetation and native flora
- monitor water quality in rivers, lakes and foreshores

Protection and preservation of native flora and fauna

Identify native flora and fauna on sites managed by the Department and develop site-specific landscape management plans

Use offenders on CSO projects to:

- eradicate and contain the spread of noxious weeds and pests such as lantana and bitou bush
- plant native flora in wetlands to stabilise sand dunes

Propagate native flora in nurseries employing and training inmates at select correctional centres

Improved land productivity and regeneration

Cultivate pine plantations at afforestation camps to supply softwood to commercial businesses

Recycle, package and sell wood chips from the sawmills employing and training inmates

Cultivate and harvest eucalyptus trees for browse for koalas at Taronga Zoo

# Sustainable energy use and reduction of greenhouse gas emissions



#### AIMS

Manage energy use effectively and reduce greenhouse gas emissions

Reduce carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gas emissions

Comply with standards of energy use

Construct energy efficient new buildings

Carry out energy efficient refurbishments

#### PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Annual energy savings for all departmental facilities

Annual fuel savings for vehicle fleet

Increased use of energy-efficient construction materials and appliances

Increased number of video conferences

Decrease in number of air quality improvement notices or complaints

Compliance with indoor air quality standards

Smoke-free work environment policy for correctional centres

PLAN	NNED OUTCOMES	ACTIONS	
Reduced energy costs/ electricity bills	Install low energy lighting in all departmental facilities		
electi	icity Uiis	Carry out annual Australian Building Greenhouse Rating (ABGR) assessments for energy efficiency and greenhouse performance, identify areas of low rating and take action to improve the rating	
		Forward the assessments to Department of Environment and Climate Change as required	
		Purchase energy-related equipment and fixtures that are minimum 4-star energy rated	
	ased use of native energy	Convert coal-fired water boilers to natural gas where natural gas is available	
Joure	.cs	Purchase 6 percent 'green' energy	
Redu fuel c	ced emissions and	Purchase departmental fleet vehicles which meet the government's greenhouse gas emissions rating	•••
		Extend use of video conferencing to reduce number of inmate escort transports	
Impro	oved air quality	Conduct environmental health assessments on indoor air quality at selected correctional centres or facilities annually, or when WorkCover issues an improvement notice	
		Forward assessment reports to the Staff Health Services unit which monitors the progress of any recommendations	
		Implement and monitor the Department's smoke-free work environment policy in correctional centres approved	
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# Chemical management

#### AIMS

Handle, use and dispose of hazardous chemicals safely

#### PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Reduction in amount of hazardous chemicals used

Reduction in chemical accidents

Reduction in number of WorkCover notices

Compliance with relevant legislative/statutory requirements



PLANNED OUTCOMES	ACTIONS
Hazardous chemicals are managed in compliance with the	Adhere to departmental policies and procedures for the management of hazardous chemicals
legislation	Maintain the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) register in every workplace and undertake risk assessments for safe use and emergency response
	Dispose of hazardous chemicals and containers in accordance with Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) and environmental requirements
	Carry out annual internal audits of workplace OHS management systems
	Carry out external audits on all CSI business units safety management systems for quality accreditation purposes
	Act on any non-compliances identified
Staff are knowledgeable in the identification and disposal of hazardous chemicals	Provide training and information to staff
and management of chemical incidents	



## Water conservation

#### **AIMS**

Secure and sustain water supply

Manage water conservation efforts and water quality improvements efficiently

#### PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Reduction in annual water consumption

Number of tanks correctly installed and maintained

Water Savings Action Plan for metropolitan correctional centres as required by Department of Environment and Climate Change

Monthly sampling of potable water

Compliance with legislative/statutory requirements



PLANNED OUTCOMES	ACTIONS  Introduce water caving regimes agruss of timers water flow restrictors

PLANNED O	UTCOMES	ACTIONS
Improved wa conservation		Introduce water saving regimes e.g., use of timers, water flow restrictors
		Install new water-related equipment and fixtures which have minimum 4-star efficiency rating
Increased rain retention at o centres		Install rainwater tanks for non-potable use
Increased wa	ter re-use/	Collect grey water from bathrooms and laundries in collection tanks at selected correctional centres
		Install diversion devices at new correctional centres to enable use of grey water
		Use grey water for irrigation and other identified purposes
Private suppl water comply Australian Dr	y with	Implement water monitoring programs and water management plans at selected correctional centres
Water Guidel	ines	Test bore water regularly

- WATER TREATMENT PLANT

# Sustainable building and architectural conservation

#### AIMS

Protect and preserve the State's cultural heritage

Ensure all facilities are environmentally sustainable

#### PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

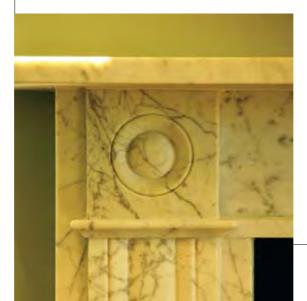
Compliance with environmental building standards

Compliance with Australian Fire Safety Standards

Reduction of fire risks

Heritage Asset Management Strategy (HAMS)

Compliance with the Australian Building Code



PLANNED OUTCOMES	ACTIONS
Facilities are environmentally sustainable	Design, construct and maintain new correctional centres and refurbish existing facilities to comply with environmental building standards
	Building specifications do not include rainforest timbers
Co-ordinated fire management	In correctional centres and other departmental facilities:  carry out risk assessments  make recommendations where necessary  advise and support management in the implementation of the recommendations
	For bush fire management:  arrange assessments by the Rural Fire Services implement any recommendations made
	Upgrading existing hydrant systems to comply with standards
	In the design of new correctional centres, consult with Facilities  Management Branch and the Department of Commentce to:  ensure that hydrants are installed in compliance with standards  oversee the installation of fire detection systems
Historic sites are protected and preserved	Use of CSO projects to conserve and restore historic sites  Staff and inmates participate in the Save Harpers Mansion project at Berrima Correctional Centre
All departmental heritage-listed buildings are preserved	Implement the Department's Heritage Asset Management Strategy to comply with the State Agency Heritage Guide
Public spaces and buildings are graffiti free	Offenders participate in the Graffiti Clean-up Community Service Orders Scheme



Further details can be found on the departmental website: http://www.dcs.nsw.gov.au/

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#### ISO 14001

The standard published by the International Standards Organisation specifying the requirements of an environmental management system.

#### IPPC

Integrated Pollution
Prevention and Control.
IPPC seeks to prevent or
minimise air, water and soil
pollution by emissions from
industrial installations in the
community.



